Businesses as 'data controllers' under the GDPR for personal data processed through business 'social media' pages (through the lens of Facebook Pages)

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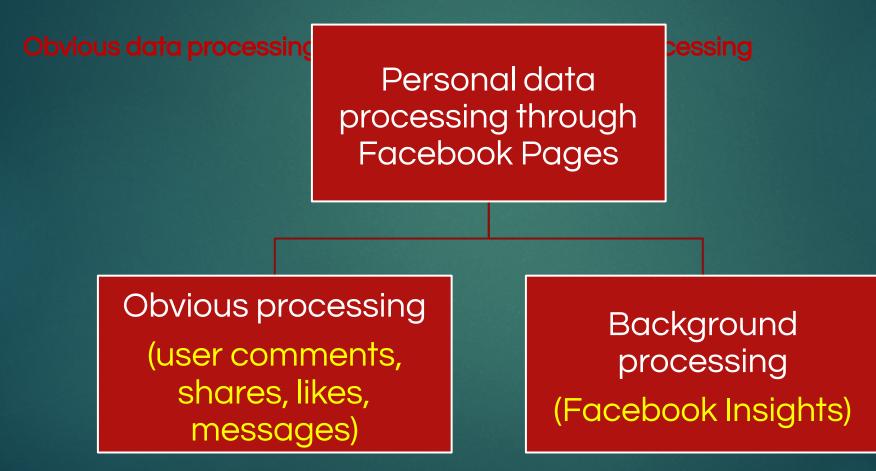
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Importance of question

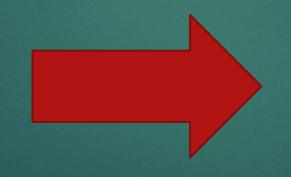
Why the capacity of (business) Facebook Page Administrators as 'data controllers' is important?

- Number of (business) Facebook Pages in 2018: 80 million (DMR statistics)
- The monthly active Facebook users in the second quarter of 2018 in Europe is nearly 400 million worldwide, it is 2.23 billion (Statista 2018) huge market for businesses with a Facebook Page lots of data subjects too
- Indeed, number of visitors to Facebook Pages monthly in 2016: 400 million (DMR statistics)
- Those businesses based in the EU or offering their services/goods to EU-based individuals are subject to the GDPR (Article 3, GPDR – territorial scope of the GPDR)
- The 'data controller' is the party burdened with all of the (heavy) obligations of the GDPR resources, expertise, policies, procedures and forms are required
- ► The 'data controller' can be imposed with (heavy) fines if he/she/it violates one of those obligations



Facebook Insights

- > Very important feature of Facebook Pages
- > Facebook promotes it heavily and explains it clearly



Facebook Insights

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Facebook Insights

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	many liked, shared and commented on them. This will		what sections they're looking at. T	⁻ hen, get aggrega	ted	
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	Actions on Page					



ctions on Page

See what actions people are taking on your Page -

Posts

Facebook Insights

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facebook b	ousiness	Q Resources Support
Ads Page	es Inspiration Success Stories News	Create an Ad Create a Page
	Actions on Page See what actions people are taking on your Page – including whether they are going to your website or clicking on your call-to-action button. This will help you adjust your Page to encourage people to take the actions you want.	Posts See a breakdown of how each of your Facebook Page posts have performed over time. You'll see how many people each post has reached, how many responded with clicks and reactions and the type of post, so that you can quickly analyse what's working best.
202	People Understand your audience with aggregated information including age, gender and location. You'll also see when people are looking at your Page and how they found it. This can help you create posts for the best response.	

Facebook Insights

How Insights are made possible?

- With data processing of course!
- ✤ The fuel of Facebook Insights is user data
- This is mainly clickstream data (recorded clicks and views) and also comments/ messages
- * The info (insights) given to the administrator are aggregate and anonymous but...
- All user actions as recorded are clearly personal data (are accompanied by full name of Facebook user and/or (in the server logs) by the IP address of the user and cookies for online identifiers as personal data, see Recital 30, GDPR)
- The fact that they undergo anonymization by Facebook does not change this (any action on personal data is data processing within the 'data processing' definition of the GDPR (Article 4(2), GDPR: 'processing' means any operation or set of operations which is performed on personal data or on sets of personal data

Are Facebook Page Administrators "data controllers"? Relevant definitions

- "[Data] controller' means "the natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body which, alone or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data" – Article 4(7), GDPR
- Decides 'why' and 'how' the personal data is to be processed (DPWP Opinion 1/2010)

Let's try to answer these two questions for the obvious and background personal data processing occurring through (business) Facebook Pages



Obvious processing (likes, comments, shares and messages)

WHY PERSONAL DATA SHOULD BE PROCESSED (PURPOSES OF PROCESSING)

- ♦ A gifts business/shop*decides to use the Facebook platform* to reach consumers
- to make its products known
- to get them 'LIKE' or 'SHARE' its page and its posts so that their friends know about it too
- to create a channel of communication with them through messaging or commenting to its posts (to which messages/comments the business can reply)
- in some cases, to run competitions or make other specific invitations requiring specific personal data to be provided ('like, share and comment' competitions)

WHO?

The Facebook Page Administrator!

Obvious processing (likes, comments, shares and messages)

HOW PERSONAL DATA SHOULD BE PROCESSED (MEANS OF PROCESSING) (1)

WHO?

- Less easy or obvious answer here admittedly
- Perhaps the first answer coming to mind is that FACEBOOK decides the means of processing (processing is clearly happening on, by and/or through the platform constructed and administered by Facebook)

► BUT...

"[M]eans" does**not** only refer to the **technical** ways of processing personal data, but also to the "how" of processing, which includes questions like "which data shall be processed", "which third parties shall have access to this data", "when data shall data be deleted", etc. " (DPWP Opinion 1/2010)

Obvious processing (likes, comments, shares and messages)

HOW PERSONAL DATA SHOULD BE PROCESSED (MEANS OF PROCESSING) (2)

WHO?

- Who decides that the personal data consisting of the fact that Christiana Markou likes a post stating that the gift shop offers 40% discount is to be processed

The Facebook Page Administrator (mainly due to the business choosing and drafting all posts on the Page)

- Who decides that the above personal data is to be seen by the specific persons comprising the other fans of the Page?

The Facebook Page Administrator (mainly due to the fact that it is the active measures of the business which led to the accumulation of those fans and those fans are part of its circle of friends (invite your friends to like your page feature) or people who have been targeted in accordance with criteria specified by the business in the context of paid promotion of the Page

- Who decides when personal data shall be deleted?

The Facebook Page Administrator (comments can easily deleted by Admin)

Obvious processing (likes, comments, shares and messages)

HOW PERSONAL DATA SHOULD BE PROCESSED (MEANS OF PROCESSING) (3)

The moderating capabilities of Facebook Page Admins further confirm that they have an active role in HOW personal data should be processed:

- We have tools in place to help you manage what visitors can post on your Page, including the ability for you to block certain words or phrases from appearing on your Page proactively
- > You can decide whether visitors have the ability to post on your Page
- As a Page admin, you can control what comments are seen by other visitors to your Page
- You can report reviews that don't follow the Facebook Community Standards or don't focus on the product or service offered by your business.
- > You'll need to be an admin to turn messaging on or off for your Page
- ► How do I ban or unban someone from my Page?
- ► How do I remove someone who likes my Page?

(https://www.facebook.com/business/a/page-moderation-tips)

Obvious processing (likes, comments, shares and messages)

Still



?

Obvious processing (likes, comments, shares and messages)

The concept of *Joint Controllership*' should take any remaining doubt away

A party need not decide the WHY and HOW alone? He can do so *"alone or jointly with others"* , according to Article 4(7), GDPR

the concurrent role of Facebook in the relevant decision-making does not kick the Page Admin out of the 'data controller' definition

Background processing (Facebook Insights)

WHY PERSONAL DATA SHOULD BE PROCESSED (PURPOSES OF PROCESSING) (1)

Facebook Insights are an unavoidable feature of Facebook Pages (need not be activated and can't be disabled)

They are free of charge – free value-added service

It is Facebook primarily choosing to provide them to help its business users make the most out of their Pages (this increases the chances of trusting Facebook as their e-commerce platform and turn to it *paid* Facebook Ads service)

BUT

The choice of creating a Facebook Page automatically results in the relevant processing

Facebook Page Admins provide the data upon which the relevant processing occurs – this is the likes, shares, comments on the content **they** create and promote and they can also decide which personal data should be used by specifying the target audience of their posts (according to demographic and interest criteria)

Background processing (Facebook Insights)

WHY PERSONAL DATA SHOULD BE PROCESSED (PURPOSES OF PROCESSING) (2)

Choosing a platform with built-in Insights processing, providing the fuel of Insights processing and benefiting from Insights processing

Make Facebook Page Admins at least*joint* decision-makers regarding the purposes of the processing?

Background processing (Facebook Insights)

WHY PERSONAL DATA SHOULD BE PROCESSED (PURPOSES OF PROCESSING) (3)

YES (in my opinion)

Choosing a platform with built-in Insights processing, providing the fuel of Insights processing and benefiting from Insights processing

The example of Google Analytics

- **G** Facebook Insights is an analytics tool (just like Google Analytics for websites)
- Website administrators actively choose and take measures to install Google Analytics so that they receive insights as to how their website performs
- It is uncontroversial that Website administrators are data controllers and Google, a data processor in that context (Google data processing agreement: <u>https://www.google.com/analytics/terms/dpa/</u> <u>dataprocessingamendment 20160909.html</u> - it is actually a joint controller if Google also uses the relevant data for its own benefit)
- Difficult to see how the choice of a platform with a built-in analytics tool can render the business NOT a data controller (a joint controller – more accurately)

Background processing (Facebook Insights)

HOW PERSONAL DATA SHOULD BE PROCESSED (MEANS OF PROCESSING) (1)

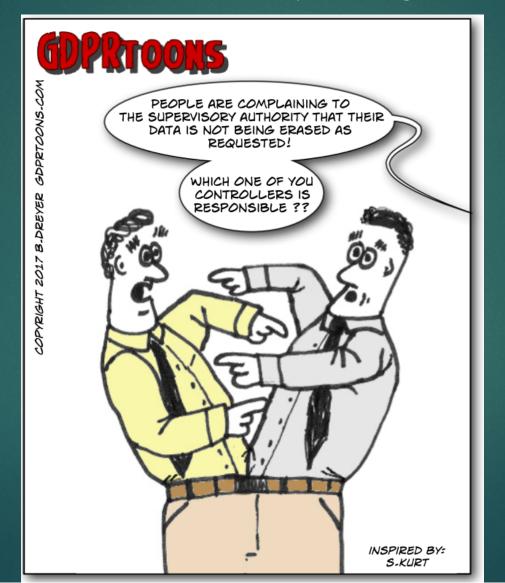
Do Facebook Page Admins also decide (jointly with Facebook) the means of the processing?

- No doubt that a large part of the decision-making regarding the means of the processing is made by Facebook
- ► But recall...
- "[M]eans" doesnot only refer to the technical ways of processing personal data, but also to the "how" of processing, which includes questions like "which data shall be processed", "which third parties shall have access to this data", "when data shall data be deleted", etc." (DPWP Opinion 1/2010)
- The data processed (or at least part of that data) is provided by the Facebook Page Admins, they decide to give Facebook and its partners access to the data, they can decide to delete that data by deleting their Page

Conclusion

Facebook Page Admins and Facebook = joint controllers

(in all cases of relevant data processing)



The Conclusion of the CJEU

Facebook Page Admins and Facebook = joint controllers

(in the case of Facebook Insights)

Unabhängiges Landeszentrum für Datenschutz Schleswig-Holstein v Wirtschaftsakademie Schleswig-Holstein GmbH, C-210/16, 5/6/2018

- While the mere fact of making use of a social network such as Facebook does not make a Facebook user a controller jointly responsible for the processing of personal data by that network, it must be stated, on the other hand, that administrator of a fan page hosted on Facebook, by creating such a page, gives Facebook the opportunity to place cookies on the computer or other device of a person visiting its fan page ...(para 35)
- ...the creation of a fan page on Facebook involves the definition of parameters by the administrator, depending inter alia on the target audience and the objectives of managing and promoting its activities, which has an influence on the processing of personal data for the purpose of producing statistics based on visits to the fan page...(para 36)
- The fact that an administrator of a fan page uses the platform provided by Facebook in order to benefit from the associated services cannot exempt it from compliance with its obligations concerning the protection of personal data (para 40)

The creation and administration of a Facebook Page means involvement in the decision-making as to purposes and means of processing – choosing a third party platform to conduct business does not exempt one from legal obligations

Facebook Page Admins are joint data controllers with regards to the processing involved in Facebook Insights, ruled the CJEU

- ✓ Its ruling is correct
- They are joint controllers with regards to the obvious processing involved in the use of Facebook Page too
- ✓ The higher the degree of involvement, the greater their responsibility under the GDPR (para 43, CJEU)
- Necessary compliance with (at least) the information requirements of the GDPR through a specific privacy policy desplayed on the Page
- The Facebook-provided privacy policy does not satisfy the requirements (in my opinion)